FINANCIAL REPORT

DECEMBER 31, 2015

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Certified Public Accountants & Advisors

To the Board of Directors EarthCorps Seattle, Washington

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of EarthCorps, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2015, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of EarthCorps as of December 31, 2015, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

eterson Sullivan LLP

We have previously audited EarthCorps' 2014 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated June 10, 2015. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2014, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

June 17, 2016

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STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

ASSETS	 2015	2014		
Current Assets Cash and cash equivalents Investments Pledges receivable Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses	\$ 710,176 57,146 335,440 20,281	\$ 881,907 15,701 93,614 342,779 16,330		
Total current assets	1,123,043	1,350,331		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Board-Designated Investments - Board-Designated Investments - Endowment Funds Unemployment Trust Deposits Property and Equipment, net	150,202 274,798 8,175 50,768 133,399	112,500 262,500 7,511 47,037 84,064		
Total assets	\$ 1,740,385	\$ 1,863,943		
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS Current Liabilities Accounts payable Accrued payroll Accrued vacation Deferred revenue, current portion	\$ 24,119 41,757 29,539 140,092	\$ 42,719 45,059 28,970 290,612		
Total current liabilities	235,507	407,360		
Deferred Revenue, net of current portion	 85,000	 150,000		
Total liabilities	320,507	557,360		
Net Assets Unrestricted Undesignated Designated for operating reserves	645,232 425,000	611,393 375,000		
Total unrestricted	1,070,232	986,393		
Temporarily restricted Permanently restricted	 346,346 3,300	316,890 3,300		
Total net assets	 1,419,878	1,306,583		
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 1,740,385	\$ 1,863,943		

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

2015

				20	15					
			Ter	mporarily	Pern	nanently				2014
	U	nrestricted	Re	estricted	Res	stricted		Total		Total
Revenue										
Program services	\$	1,524,377	\$	_	\$	_	\$	1,524,377	\$	1,571,202
Government grants	Ψ	350,442	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	350,442	Ψ	80,031
Other contributions and grants		403,615		235,091				638,706		785,971
In-kind contributions		2,847						2,847		999
Special event revenue		214,131						214,131		183,795
Less: direct costs of special events		(43,842)						(43,842)		(52,155)
Investment income		1,983						1,983		14,543
Miscellaneous income		9,837						9,837		40
Net assets released from restrictions		205,635		(205,635)				·		
Total revenue		2,669,025		29,456				2,698,481		2,584,426
Expenses										
Program services		2,285,384						2,285,384		2,228,811
Management and general		187,869						187,869		174,809
Fundraising		111,933						111,933		102,367
Total expenses		2,585,186						2,585,186		2,505,987
Change in net assets		83,839		29,456				113,295		78,439
Net Assets, beginning of year		986,393		316,890		3,300		1,306,583		1,228,144
Net Assets, end of year	\$	1,070,232	\$	346,346	\$	3,300	\$	1,419,878	\$	1,306,583

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

2015

				_	.015					
	•	Program	Mai	nagement						2014
		Services	and	d General	Fu	ndraising		Total		Total
Employment Costs									•	
Salaries and wages	\$	1,358,614	\$	110,097	\$	76,028	\$	1,544,739	\$	1,483,414
Employee benefits	-	153,170		26,492	•	8,773	·	188,435	•	247,614
Payroll taxes		132,604		9,120		6,293		148,017		141,979
Staff development		35,535		571		675		36,781		19,573
Total employment costs		1,679,923		146,280		91,769		1,917,972		1,892,580
Operating Expenses										
Field operations and vehicle expenses		268,960		34				268,994		293,598
Occupancy		70,001		16,767		5,912		92,680		65,974
Participant support		78,651						78,651		61,880
Professional fees		45,265		10,955		2,677		58,897		43,375
Depreciation		45,512		6,284		3,791		55,587		56,753
Direct special events costs		2,417		527		43,842		46,786		52,155
Office expenses		34,850		3,160		4,941		42,951		34,162
Education programs		20,370				109		20,479		7,950
Bank charges, financial, and other fees		16,669		2,345		1,152		20,166		25,665
Board of Directors expenses		7,828		452		785		9,065		8,031
Travel		6,237		99		124		6,460		6,110
Telecommunications		4,687		562		396		5,645		5,579
Insurance		4,014		404		277		4,695		4,330
Total expenses		2,285,384		187,869		155,775		2,629,028		2,558,142
Less: expenses included with revenue on the statement of activities						(43,842)		(43,842)		(52,155)
Total expenses included in expense section on the statement of activities	\$	2,285,384	\$	187,869	\$	111,933	\$	2,585,186	\$	2,505,987

See Notes to Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2015 (With Comparative Totals for 2014)

	,	2015	2014		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Change in net assets	\$	113,295	\$ 78,439		
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to					
net cash flows from operating activities					
Depreciation		55,587	56,753		
(Gain) loss on investments		713	(13,657)		
Gain on sale of transportation equipment		(12,250)			
Change in operating assets and liabilities					
Pledges, accounts, and other receivables		43,807	(86,558)		
Unemployment compensation trust		(3,731)	(34)		
Prepaid expenses		(3,951)	(570)		
Accounts payable		(18,600)	18,619		
Accrued payroll		(3,302)	(12,436)		
Accrued vacation		569	6,609		
Deferred revenue		(215,520)	382,143		
Net cash flows from operating activities		(43,383)	429,308		
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Proceeds from sale of transportation equipment		12,250			
Purchase of equipment		(104,922)	(48,906)		
Purchases of investments		(21,407)	(2,537)		
Proceeds from sales of investments		23,433	 12,567		
Net cash flows from investing activities		(90,646)	(38,876)		
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(134,029)	390,432		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year		994,407	603,975		
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$	860,378	\$ 994,407		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note 1. Organization and Significant Accounting Policies

Organization

EarthCorps brings together passionate and hardworking young adults from the U.S. and countries around the world for a year-long leadership training program in Seattle, Washington. Since EarthCorps was founded as a nonprofit organization in 1993, more than 1,000 participants have learned leadership skills through working collaboratively, leading community volunteers, and executing technical restoration projects along shorelines, trails, and in forests to improve the health of the Puget Sound region. EarthCorps receives revenue for performing the following services:

- Restoring and enhancing natural places in Western Washington.
- Implementing on-the-ground projects, including salmon habitat restoration, invasive plant removal, native plantings, and hiking trail construction.
- Working closely with communities, giving residents the knowledge to keep their neighborhoods healthy.

Financial Statement Presentation

EarthCorps reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to three classes of net assets: unrestricted net assets, temporarily restricted net assets, and permanently restricted net assets. Contributions and certain grants that are received are recorded as unrestricted, temporarily restricted, or permanently restricted support depending on the existence and/or nature of any donor restrictions.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Actual results could differ from the estimated amounts.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, EarthCorps considers all cash and other highly liquid investments with an initial maturity date of three months or less to be cash equivalents. EarthCorps has cash balances at a bank in excess of federally insured limits.

Cash and cash equivalents are presented as follows:

	 2015	2014		
Undesignated Designated	\$ 710,176 150,202	\$	881,907 112,500	
	\$ 860,378	\$	994,407	

Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is a market-based measurement determined based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. There are three levels that prioritize the inputs used in measuring fair value as follows:

- Level 1: Observable market inputs such as quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2: Observable market inputs, other than quoted prices in active markets, that are observable either directly or indirectly; and
- Level 3: Unobservable inputs where there is little or no market data, which require the reporting entity to develop its own assumptions.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value based on observable market inputs (Level 1 inputs in the financial accounting hierarchy) such as quoted prices in active markets for identical assets. Unrealized gains or losses are recognized in the statement of activities.

Pledges Receivable

Two foundations accounted for 86% and 76% of pledges receivable at December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. No allowance for uncollectible pledges was considered necessary by management at December 31, 2015 or 2014.

Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable predominately consists of amounts due from government entities and other organizations for services. Two government entities represented 31% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2015. Two government entities represented 25% of accounts receivable at December 31, 2014. EarthCorps considers accounts greater than 30 days old to be past due and uses the allowance method for recognizing bad debts (based on historical collection rates). When an account is deemed uncollectible, it is generally written off against the allowance. EarthCorps does not require collateral for its accounts receivable, and does not charge interest on its accounts receivable. No allowance for doubtful accounts receivable was considered necessary by management at December 31, 2015 or 2014.

Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are recorded at cost, or in the case of donated property, at the estimated fair value at the date of donation. EarthCorps' policy is to capitalize property and equipment with a value over \$1,000 and a useful life over one year. EarthCorps provides for depreciation over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from three to five years, using the straight-line method.

Temporarily Restricted Net Assets

Temporarily restricted net assets consist of unexpended contributions restricted for particular purposes or time periods. Temporarily restricted net assets are transferred to unrestricted net assets as expenditures are incurred for the restricted purpose, or as time restrictions are met. Temporarily restricted net assets that are received in the current year and released in the current year are treated as unrestricted support. Temporarily restricted net assets consist of the following at December 31:

	2015		 2014
Stormwater Project	\$	101,786	\$ 7,500
Restoration of Puget Sound		50,000	50,000
Leadership Outcomes Evaluation Project		41,040	69,840
Duwamish Alive Project		35,748	60,000
Restoration of Hylebos Watershed		34,467	65,000
Global Environmental Leadership		20,000	20,000
Puget Sound Salmon Project		20,000	
Edmonds Marsh Project		11,571	17,145
Blue Carbon Summit Project		9,800	
Youth Programs		6,667	
Green Duwamish Symposium		6,000	
San Juan Islands Restoration		5,000	2,500
Commencement Bay Climate Change Project		4,267	
Sound Stewards Project			24,405
MLK Day Project			 500
	\$	346,346	\$ 316,890

Permanently Restricted Net Assets

Permanently restricted net assets consist of contributions received by EarthCorps that require the principal be permanently invested for the production of income. Earnings are to be used for general purposes.

Revenue Recognition

Program services revenue is recognized when services are provided. Payments received in advance of services provided are deferred. Deferred amounts not expected to be earned within a one-year period are reported as long-term. Contributions and grants, which include unconditional promises to give (pledges), are recognized as revenue in the period the pledge is made.

Two donors represented 28% and 29% of other contributions and grants revenue during the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. One government entity and one private entity accounted for 28% of program service revenue during the year ended December 31, 2015. One government entity accounted for 16% of program service revenue during the year ended December 31, 2014.

In-Kind Contributions

Donated materials and equipment are reflected as in-kind contributions in the accompanying financial statements at their estimated fair value at the date of donation.

Donated professional services are reflected in the statement of activities at the estimated fair value of the services rendered if the services meet certain conditions. Professional services valued at \$2,847 and \$999 were donated (and recognized) during 2015 and 2014, respectively.

A substantial number of unpaid volunteers have made significant contributions of their time to EarthCorps, principally in performing environmental restoration projects. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in these financial statements since the nature of the services does not meet the accounting criteria for inclusion in the financial statements.

Income Taxes

EarthCorps is exempt from federal income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management has concluded that EarthCorps' activities do not generate unrelated business income. Accordingly, no provision for federal income taxes has been made in the financial statements.

Functional Allocation of Expenses

Expenses are allocated by direct attribution to the extent possible. Allocation of indirect expenses is based on management's analysis of employees' time used for program, administrative, and fundraising functions.

Comparative Amounts for 2014

The financial statements include certain prior-year summarized comparative information in total, but not by net asset class. Such information does not include sufficient detail to constitute a presentation in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Accordingly, such information should be read in conjunction with EarthCorps' financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, from which the summarized information was derived.

Subsequent Events

EarthCorps has evaluated subsequent events through the date these financial statements were available to be issued, which was June 17, 2016.

Note 2. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value and are summarized as follows at December 31:

	2015	 2014
Long-term bond mutual funds Short-term bond mutual funds Domestic equity mutual funds International equity mutual funds Common stock	\$ 120,059 79,392 64,326 17,911 1,285	\$ 98,645 96,106 71,326 18,232 1,403
	\$ 282,973	\$ 285,712

Investments are reported in the statements of financial position as follows at December 31:

	 2015	2014		
Investments - board-designated Investments - undesignated Endowment funds	\$ 274,798 8.175	\$	262,500 15,701 7,511	
230	\$ 282,973	\$	285,712	

Note 3. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment consists of the following at December 31:

	2015	2014		
Leasehold improvements Office equipment Transportation equipment Field equipment	\$ 60,535 112,909 371,151 27,952	\$	58,004 112,909 336,731 22,280	
	572,547		529,924	
Less: accumulated depreciation	(468,384)		(445,860)	
	104,163		84,064	
Work in process	29,236			
	\$ 133,399	\$	84,064	

Work in process consists of software development costs. Depreciation on the work in process will occur on a straight-line basis on the date the asset is placed in service. EarthCorps had no commitments related to work in process as of December 31, 2015.

Note 4. Unemployment Trust Deposits

EarthCorps participates in the Unemployment Services Trust ("the Unemployment Trust"), a trust to fund the cost of providing unemployment insurance (on a pooled basis with other entities). EarthCorps makes contributions to the Unemployment Trust rather than paying state unemployment premiums, and the Unemployment Trust handles all unemployment claims for EarthCorps. As a member of the Unemployment Trust, EarthCorps receives a share of the Unemployment Trust income and expenses. Should EarthCorps decide to leave the Unemployment Trust, it is entitled to receive the balance of its trust account, less any outstanding claims.

Note 5. Endowments

EarthCorps has investment reserves designated by the Board of Directors to function as endowments ("quasi-endowments"). As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, net assets associated with endowment funds, including quasi-endowments, are classified and reported based on the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions.

The endowment assets are invested with the intention of maintaining the principal and liquidity of the endowment. Endowment funds may be used to support general operations only by a vote of the Board of Directors.

EarthCorps also has donor-restricted endowment funds that are immaterial to the financial statements at December 31, 2015 and 2014.

Note 6. Pension Plan

EarthCorps sponsors and makes contributions to a tax-sheltered annuity or 403(b) plan. EarthCorps contributed \$31,692 and \$30,860 to the plan for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Note 7. Operating Lease

EarthCorps leases office facilities from the City of Seattle on a month-to-month basis. EarthCorps is in negotiations with the City of Seattle to enter into a long-term lease arrangement, however, there is no long-term commitment as of the date these financial statements were available to be issued. Rent expense was \$92,680 and \$65,974 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

Note 8. Related Party Transactions

EarthCorps receives contributions and donations from employees and members of the Board. Board members and employees contributed \$32,225 and \$32,035 for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively. There were no receivables for such contributions and donations at December 31, 2015 or 2014.

Note 9. Commencement Bay Long-Term Stewardship Collaborative Trust

During April 2014, EarthCorps became the project stewards of \$4.9 million as part of the Commencement Bay Natural Resource Damage Restoration Project Long-Term Stewardship Framework ("the Trust") to support the Commencement Bay Restoration Plan. EarthCorps provides long-term stewardship services for restoration projects implemented or overseen by the Commencement Bay Natural Resource Trustees ("the Trustees"), which includes maintenance, monitoring, adaptive management, and enforcement activities of each project and management of community involvement in these projects.

EarthCorps, with the aid of external professional investment advisors, maintains the \$4.9 million corpus in a segregated account, with the goal of generating income to fund project stewardship and project management, in line with the investment policy developed by the Trustees.

EarthCorps is required to provide certain deliverables throughout each year to the Trustees and maintain a certain level of general and automobile liability insurance in order to remain in compliance with the stewardship agreement.

The term of the agreement is five years, which can be extended for another five-year term, or another length of time determined in collaboration by both parties.

EarthCorps billed the Trust \$120,557 and \$10,980 in 2015 and 2014, respectively, which included restoration service work performed by EarthCorps during the year plus reimbursable costs for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014. This amount is included in program services revenue. There was no amount due from the Trust as of December 31, 2015. The entire program services revenue amount in 2014 is included in accounts receivable as of December 31, 2014.